

NORTHERN CRAPEMYRTLE:
The Summer Show Can Extend Well Beyond the South
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Crapemyrtle, *Lagerstroemia indica*, cultivars have long been acknowledged as a major contributor of summer color in the south. Crapemyrtle in full bloom rival the flower show of any other landscape plant. Cultivars range in size from only three to four feet tall to tree forms, 20 feet or more. Some cultivars have brilliant fall foliage colors and the new 'Whit' cultivars have dramatic wine, wine-red or purple new growth, adding significant color before the blooms.

But, crapemyrtle are typically considered cold hardy only in zones 7 and higher (further south). With a gradual cool down in fall, tops survive 0 to -5 degrees F. When winter arrives early and abruptly, tops may be damaged at temperature in the 20's. When severe temperatures damage tops, all is not lost because the roots remain undamaged and when the soil warms in spring, the plants make a rapid recovery. Of the eight 'Whit' cultivars, Pink Velour® appears to be more tolerant to cold and requires the least amount of heat to trigger flowering in summer, but Dynamite® is only a few steps behind.

But, crapemyrtle have a desirable attribute shared by only a few other woody plants ----- they flower on new growth. In addition, new cultivars such as Red Rocket®, Pink Velour®, Burgundy Cotton® and Rhapsody in Pink® have spectacular red – wine or purple new foliage. As a result, even in northern areas such as zones 6 and mid- portions of zone 5, an early summer foliage show and mid to late summer flower show can be dramatic.

In northern areas, treat crapemyrtle as a hardy perennial and follow these steps:

- Locate crapemyrtle in full sun. A hot location gives best results.
- Plant crapemyrtle in the heat of summer when soil is warmest and root establishment is rapid. Do not plant late in the season after the soil has cooled. Getting the plant well established is key to survival.
- After a few hard freezes in the fall, remove all stems a few inches above the soil line; place a disc of ground cover fabric at least five feet in diameter over the area and mulch. In more severe climates, heavier mulch is beneficial. Mulch before soil freezes to keep the root-crown area warmer.
- In spring, as soon as all chance of frost is past, remove mulch and fabric and allow soil to warm. Do not mulch during the growing season as bare soil heats faster than soil under mulch.
- After a few seasons, instead of 3 to 5 stems, 10 or more may emerge. In this case, more is not better. Select the strongest 5 to 8 stems and remove the others. This provides larger flower clusters and a greater flower show.
- Crapemyrtle like it hot, so a location with reflected heat and light is desirable for this plant.
- Almost any soil will do, but keep in mind flowering is on new growth, so more growth, typically equals more flowers.
- In most of zone 6, flowering typically begins late July but not until early August further north.
- Fertilize crapemyrtle moderate to heavy once in spring, but not in fall.
- Water during dry periods, but crapemyrtle are tough and will survive even when neglected.

Currently successful plantings of these new crapemyrtle are located in such diverse locations as Kansas City, KS, Chicago, IL, Philadelphia, PA and Newport, RI. Many climate and cultural factors are involved in tolerance of crapemyrtle to cold, therefore precise performance predictions cannot be assured. However, testimonials from nurserymen, landscapers and gardeners as well as personal observations prompted me to share this information. As one nurseryman in northern Maryland said; "Two large Dynamite® in front of our office survived the roughest winter we have had in years, no dieback at all, while other cultivars were severely damaged or killed to the ground. You need to promote this plant more."

For detailed information and color photos of the eight 'Whit' cultivars with showy new foliage and unique and dramatic flower colors, including true red, go to www.lacebarkinc.com. If your favorite garden center does not currently carry 'Whit' series crapemyrtle, point them to our web site and click on Patented Plants, then Licensed Growers. This list consists of wholesale growers that are licensed to propagate and grow these unique plants.